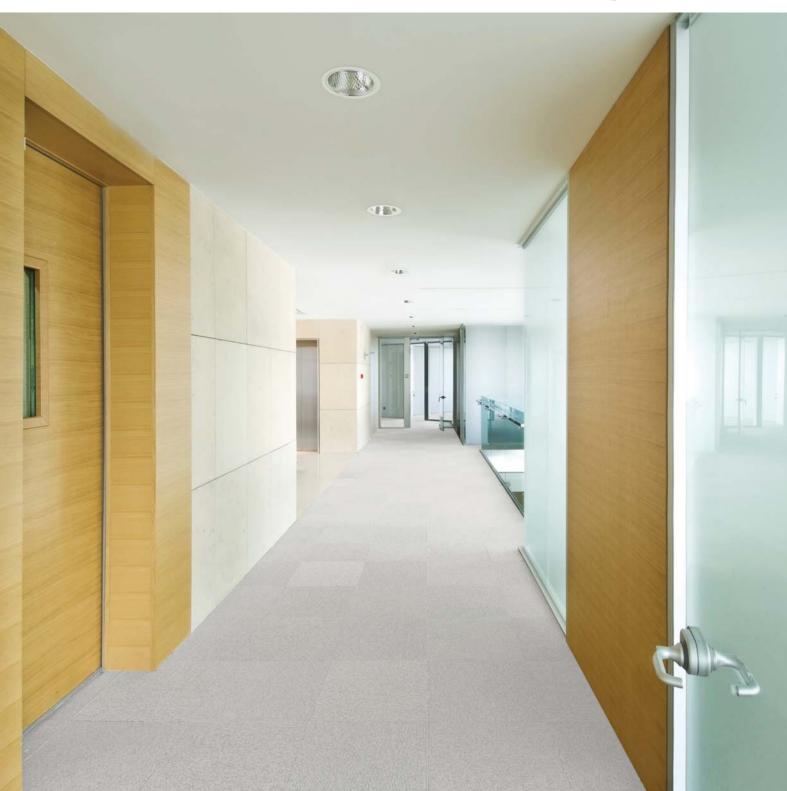
# Downlights







# New generation LED downlights

Recently D1-D2-D3 LED downlights were fitted with the new chip-on-board technology - and the series got a true efficiency boost. Result: an even more efficient luminaire with a lower price



The optical and board technology





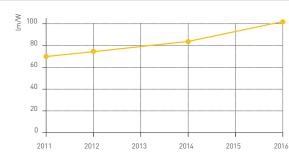


## Chip-on-board

LED downlights - previously fitted with an LED module - have recently been upgraded to the so-called chip-on-board (COB) technology. With COB technology several LED chips are placed together on one substrate, are interconnected electrically and are covered with a layer of phosphorus (in order to convert the blue LED light into white light). This light source is a whole lot more efficient and compact than the previous LED modules.

# Efficiency boost

On the outside no changes can be observed, but on the inside of the downlights the new technology results in quite a revolution. The new light source not only boasts higher efficiency, but also allows to optimise optical and thermal design. In practical terms we see that:



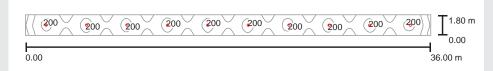
Development of the specific luminous flux of D1 (1000 lm, 4000K)

- the specific luminous flux (Im/W) increases by 20 to 30%;
- the LLMF (Lamp Lumen Maintenance Factor) goes from 70 to 90%, after 50,000 h;
- depending on the version the cost price drops by 10 to 25%.

### Extensive range

The update changes nothing to the extensive choice of options within the range. Specular or satinanodised reflector, white (RAL 9003) or aluminium white (RAL 9006) housing, smooth or superimposed trim. In addition, all downlights can be fitted with a daylight sensor or an LED module for emergency lighting. Versions with higher colour rendering are also available upon request, eg. for retail applications.

#### Example:



In a corridor measuring 36 by 1.8 metres, 10 luminaires are sufficient (spacing distance 3.6 m) to achieve a lighting level of 175 lux for a specific power of 1.87 W/m²/100 lx.

